**Launching the Writer’s Workshop Unit Learning Progression**

| **Grade Level** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** |
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| **Text** |  | Personal Narrative  Units 1 & 2  Mentor Texts:  Shortcut; Big Mama’s by Donald Crews  or other mentor texts | Raising the Bar: Personal Narrative  Mentor Text:  Through Grandpa’s Eyes by Patricia McLaughlan,  The Summer My Father was Ten by  Pat Brisson,  An Angel for Solomon Singer by Cynthia Rylant,  or other mentor texts | Refining the Personal Narrative  Mentor Text:  Time of Wonder  By Robert McCloskey  Mr. Peabody’s Apples  By Madonna Ritchie  A Day’s Work  By Eve Bunting  Or other mentor texts |
| **Analysis** |  | Crafting a Personal Narrative | **Improving** a Personal Narrative | Improving the **quality** of Personal Narrative |
| **Becoming a Community of Writers** |  | Establishing Routines, Setting Up Writer’s Workshop, Writing a Personal Narrative | Establishing Routines, Setting Up Writer’s Workshop, Writing a Personal Narrative | Establishing Routines, Setting Up Writer’s Workshop, Writing, **revising, editing and publishing** Personal Narrative |
| **Generating a Small Moment Story** |  | * Using strategies to generate story ideas: person, place, object * Focusing on small moments * Writing step by step in the moment * Using timelines or fingers to plan your story * Writing with small details * Making a movie in your mind--visualizing * Generating and experimenting with writer’s notebook entries * Learning from mentor texts * Reading like a writer * Finding the heart of the story * Understanding our role in a conference | * Using strategies to generate story ideas: person, place, object * Focusing on small moments * Making a movie in your mind--visualizing * Writing with tiny details * Using lists to generate clear, small moments * Generating and experimenting with writer’s notebook entries * Learning from mentor texts * **Writing for readers** * **Using strong emotions to generate story ideas** * **Thinking of turning points to generate story ideas** * **Mining writer’s notebooks** | * Using mentor text to generate ideas * Use notebook to generate and develop ideas to include mentor craft techniques in personal writing * Analyze mentor text for crafting techniques * Focus on small moments and elaborating |

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| **Drafting** |  | * Finding notebook entries that matter to the writer * Committing to a topic or idea * Writing the internal and external story * Consider external and internal traits of characters * Use of a story mountain to plan and sequence events * Consider point of view * Elaborating on ideas to write longer more meaningful narratives * Crafting strong story leads: action, setting, description, dialogue, or thoughts * Using mentor texts to study leads and endings * Closing with strong endings: action, dialogue, thoughts, images, and whole-story reminders * Adding sensory words * Adding dialogue | * **Read like a writer.** * **Using exact details and specific words to recognize and write concrete words and phrases.** * **Using concrete words, phrases** to create scenes rather than summaries. * **Using sensory details to help the reader experience the story** * **Plan stories using a story mountain** * **Use mentor texts to study the heart of the story or turning point** * **Develop/consider perspective** * **Use of line breaks, shape, imagery, literary devices to express clarity of thought (poetry)** * **Experiment with rhythm of words (poetry)** | * Determine the heart of the story * Organize using a story mountain * **Describe characters using detail and figurative language** * Use dialogue, description and **pacing** to develop experiences and events * Precise word choice and **movement through time** to convey experiences and events * **Elaborating** beyond one sentence forming paragraphs |
| **Revising and Editing** |  | * Writers create scenes rather than summaries * Using descriptive details and specific words * Encourage more sophisticated sentence structure for effect * Combining short sentences to include variety * Revising for internal thinking, emotions, reasons * Revise stories for meaning—reread to make sense * Use of literary devices such as repetition to emphasize action or idea in story * Edit for capitalization, end punctuation, and spelling of high-frequency words | * Create scenes rather than summaries * Create alternate leads and **conclusions** * **Bringing forth the internal story** * Elaborating ideas * Revising leads * Revising conclusions * Attend to meaning and clarity * Use of editing/revision checklists | * **Eliminate extraneous details** from writing * Word choice for clarity and meaning to include phrases and clauses * Improve leads and conclusions based on mentor texts * Edit for capitalization, end punctuation, and spelling of high-frequency words |